

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Hepatitis C – Harvoni Prior Authorization Policy

• Harvoni[®] (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir tablets and oral pellets – Gilead)

ledipasvir/sofosbuvir tablets (authorized generics to Harvoni 90 mg/400 mg tablets only – Asegua)

REVIEW DATE: 09/13/2023; selected revision 02/28/2024

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CIGNA NATIONAL FORMULARY COVERAGE:

OVERVIEW

Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir is a fixed-dose combination of ledipasvir, a hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5A inhibitor, and sofosbuvir, an HCV nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor. It is indicated for the treatment of **chronic HCV** infection in patients ≥ 3 years of age in the following instances:

- Genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6 infection with or without compensated cirrhosis; and
- Genotype 1 infection with decompensated cirrhosis in combination with ribavirin; and
- Genotype 1 or 4 infection who are liver transplant recipients with or without compensated cirrhosis, in combination with ribavirin.

Dosing

In adults, the recommended dosage of ledipasvir/sofosbuvir is one tablet taken orally once daily with or without food. The recommended dose of ledipasvir/sofosbuvir tablets or pellets in pediatric patients ≥ 3 years of age is based on weight. The ledipasvir/sofosbuvir pellets can be taken in pediatric patients who cannot swallow the tablet formulation. Table 1 below provides the recommended duration of therapy with ledipasvir/sofosbuvir. The ledipasvir/sofosbuvir authorized generic is only

available as the 90 mg/400 mg strength tablet; ledipasvir/sofosbuvir is additionally available as a lower strength tablet (45 mg/200 mg) as well as oral pellets (45 mg/200 mg and 33.75 mg/150 mg).

Table 1. Recommended Treatment Duration for ledipasvir/sofosbuvir in Patients ≥ 3 Years of

Age with Chronic HCV Genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6.1

Patient Population	Duration of Treatment
Genotype 1 – Treatment-naïve with or without compensated (Child Pugh A) cirrhosis	ledipasvir/sofosbuvir 12 weeks*
Genotype 1 – Treatment-experienced** without cirrhosis	ledipasvir/sofosbuvir 12 weeks
Genotype 1 – Treatment-experienced** with compensated (Child Pugh A) cirrhosis	ledipasvir/sofosbuvir 24 weeks [†]
Genotype 1 – Treatment-naïve and treatment- experienced** with decompensated (Child-Pugh B or C) cirrhosis.	ledipasvir/sofosbuvir + ribavirin [‡] 12 weeks
Genotype 1 or 4 – Transplant recipients without cirrhosis, or with compensated (Child-Pugh A) cirrhosis	ledipasvir/sofosbuvir + ribavirin§ 12 weeks
Genotype 4, 5, or 6 – Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced**, with or without compensated (Child-Pugh A) cirrhosis	ledipasvir/sofosbuvir12 weeks

Hepatitis C virus – Hepatitis C virus; * Harvoni for 8 weeks can be considered in treatment-naïve patients without cirrhosis who have pretreatment HCV RNA < 6 million IU/mL; ** Treatment-experienced patients who have failed treatment with either peginterferon alfa + ribavirin or a hepatitis C virus protease inhibitor + peginterferon + ribavirin; † Harvoni for 12 weeks can be considered in treatment-experienced patients with cirrhosis who are eligible for ribavirin. The daily dose of ribavirin is weight-based (1,000 mg for patients < 75 kg and 1,200 mg for those \geq 75 kg) administered in two divided doses. † In patients with decompensated cirrhosis, the starting dosage of ribavirin is 600 mg and can be titrated up to 1,000 mg for patients < 75 kg and 1,200 mg for those \geq 75 kg in two divided doses with food. If the starting dosage of ribavirin is not well tolerated, the dosage should be reduced as clinically indicated based on hemoglobin levels. § The daily dosage of ribavirin is weight-based (1,000 mg for patients < 75 kg and 1,200 mg for those \geq 75 kg) administered orally in two divided doses with food.

Guidelines

The American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases/Infectious Diseases Society of America have simplified recommendations for the management of chronic HCV in adults (October 24, 2022).² In treatment-naïve adults without cirrhosis, the recommended regimens are Mavyret® (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir tablets and oral pellets) for 8 weeks or Epclusa® (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir tablets [generics] and oral pellets) for 12 weeks. In treatment-naïve adults with compensated cirrhosis, the recommended regimens are Mavyret for 8 weeks (genotypes 1 through 6) or sofosbuvir/velpatasvir for 12 weeks (genotypes 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6; patients with genotype 3 require baseline NS5A resistance-associated substitution testing and those without Y93H can be treated with 12 weeks of Epclusa). Additional genotype-specific and/or special circumstance-specific recommendations are also provided for patients falling outside of these parameters. For the most up-to-date information always refer to the guidelines.

Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir continues to be recommended in various situations as outlined below in Table 2.

Table 2. AASLD Recommendations for Harvoni.²

DAA	Duration	FDA	AASLD Level of Evidence
		Approved (Y/N)	
	nd 6 Chronic HCV Treatme	ent-Naïve Ad	ults - Recommended
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	l •	Υ	Class I, Level A
	compensated cirrhosis)		Class IIa, Level B (Genotype 4
	Not recommended for		compensated cirrhosis, Genotype
	genotype 6e if subtype		5/6 ± compensated cirrhosis)
	is known.		
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	8 weeks (HIV-	Υ	Class I, Level B
	uninfected, HCV RNA < 6		
	million IU/mL, no		
	cirrhosis, absence of		
	genotype 4r)	<u> </u>	
Genotype 1, 4, 5, or Recommended	6 Chronic HCV, Decomp	ensated Cirrh	osis Adults Ribavirin Eligible –
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	12 weeks	Υ	Class I, Level A
+ ribavirin			
Genotype 1, 4, 5, or Recommended	r 6 Chronic HCV, Decomp	ensated Cirrh	nosis Adults Ribavirin Ineligible -
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	24 weeks	N	Class I, Level A
		ensated Cirr	hosis Adults Prior Sovaldi or NSA
Failure - Recomme		onoutou on .	
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir		N	Class II, Level C
+ ribavirin			,
		ver Transplai	nt, No Cirrhosis, Treatment-Naïve
	ienced – Recommended		
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir		Υ	Class I, Level B
	or 6 Recurrent HCV Po Treatment-Experienced		nsplant, Compensated Cirrhosis, ded
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir		Y	Class I, Level A
		-	plant, Decompensated Cirrhosis
	Treatment-Experienced		
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir		Υ	Class I, Level B
+ ribavirin			,
Genotype 1, 4, 5,	or 6 Kidney Transpla	nt Treatmer	nt-Naïve or DAA-Experienced ±
Compensated Cirrho	osis, Adults – Recommen	ded	
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir		N	Class I, Level A
Genotype 1, 4, 5, or Recommended	6 Treatment-Naïve Adol	escents ≥ 3 y	years, ± Compensated Cirrhosis -
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	12 weeks	Υ	Class I, Level B
•		erienced (In	terferon + Protease Inhibitor)
	ars, ± Compensated Cirr		
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	12 weeks (GT1 no	Y	Class I, Level C
L /	cirrhosis)	-	,
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	24 weeks (GT1	Υ	Class I, Level C
	compensated cirrhosis)		
ledipasvir/sofosbuvir	12 weeks (GT 4, 5, or 6	Υ	Class I, Level C
1541p45 v11/ 5010554 v11	± compensated	'	0.0001, 201010
	cirrhosis)		
	GITT10313)	l	

AASLD – American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases; DAA – Direct-acting antiviral; Y – Yes; N – No; HCV – Hepatitis C virus; HIV – Human immunodeficiency virus.

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of ledipasvir/sofosbuvir. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with ledipasvir/sofosbuvir as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires ledipasvir/sofosbuvir to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

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is(are) covered as medically necessary when the following criteria is(are) met for FDA-approved indication(s) or other uses with supportive evidence (if applicable):

FDA-Approved Indications

- **1.** Chronic Hepatitis C Virus (HCV), Genotype 1. Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets all of the following (A, B, and C):
 - **A)** Patient is \geq 3 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii or iii):
 - i. Approve for 8 weeks if the patient meets the following (a, b, c, d, and e):
 - a) Patient is treatment-naïve; AND
 - **b)** Patient does not have cirrhosis; AND
 - c) Patient does <u>not</u> have human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); AND Note: Patients with HIV should be reviewed using the same criteria as patients without HIV, using *Criteria ii or iii below*.
 - **d)** Patient is <u>not</u> awaiting liver transplantation; AND <u>Note</u>: Patients awaiting liver transplantation should be reviewed using *Criteria ii or iii below*
 - e) Baseline HCV RNA is < 6 million IU/mL; OR
 - ii. Approve for 12 weeks if the patient meets ONE the following (a, b, or c):
 - a) Patient is treatment-naïve AND does not meet criterion *Bi* above; OR Note: Treatment-naïve includes patients with or without HIV who are treatment-naïve with compensated [Child-Pugh A] cirrhosis regardless of baseline HCV RNA, or treatment-naïve patients with or without HIV without cirrhosis and baseline HCV RNA ≥ 6 million IU/mL. This would also include treatment-naïve patients awaiting transplant with compensated [Child-Pugh A] cirrhosis regardless of baseline HCV RNA or treatment-naïve patients awaiting transplant without cirrhosis and baseline HCV RNA ≥ 6 million IU/mL).
 - Patient has previously been treated for HCV and does <u>not</u> have cirrhosis;
 OR

<u>Note</u>: For patients with compensated cirrhosis [Child-Pugh A] see criterion *Biii* below, for patients with decompensated cirrhosis [Child-Pugh B or C] see criterion *Biic* below.

- c) Patient is treatment-naïve or has previously been treated for HCV and meets the following ([1], [2], and [3]):
 - (1) Patient has <u>decompensated</u> (Child-Pugh B or C) cirrhosis; AND
 - (2) Patient is ribavirin eligible; AND

<u>Note</u>: For ribavirin ineligible patients with decompensated cirrhosis, see criterion *Biiib* below

- (3) The medication will be prescribed in combination with ribavirin; OR **iii.** Approve for 24 weeks in patients who meet ONE of the following (a <u>or</u> b):
 - **a)** Patient has previously been treated for HCV and has compensated (Child-Pugh A) cirrhosis; OR
 - **b)** Patient is treatment-naïve or has previously been treated for HCV and the patient meets the following [1] and [2]):
 - (1) Patient has decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Pugh B or C); AND
 - (2) Patient is ribavirin ineligible, according to the prescriber; AND
- **C)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious diseases physician, or a liver transplant physician.
- **2.** Chronic Hepatitis C Virus (HCV), Genotype 4, 5, OR 6. Approve for 12 weeks if the patient meets the following (A and B):
 - **A)** Patient is \geq 3 years of age; AND
 - **B)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious diseases physician, or a liver transplant physician.
- 3. Recurrent Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Post-Liver Transplantation, Genotypes

1 OR 4. Approve for 12 weeks if the patient meets the following (A, B, C and D):

- A) Patient is \geq 3 years of age; AND
- **B)** Patient has recurrent HCV after a liver transplantation; AND
- C) The medication will be prescribed in combination with ribavirin; AND
- **D)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with one of the following prescribers who is affiliated with a transplant center: a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious diseases physician, or a liver transplant physician.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

4. Recurrent Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Post-Liver Transplantation, Genotypes

5 OR 6. Approve for 12 weeks if the patient meets the following (A, B, C and D):

- **A)** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
- **B)** Patient has recurrent HCV after a liver transplantation; AND
- **C)** The medication will be prescribed in combination with ribavirin; AND
- **D)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with one of the following prescribers who is affiliated with a transplant center: a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious diseases physician, or a liver transplant physician.
- **5.** Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Kidney Transplant Recipients, Genotype 1 or 4. Approve for 12 weeks if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C):
 - **A)** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Patient is a kidney transplant recipient with HCV; AND

- **C)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with one of the following prescribers who is affiliated with a transplant center: a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious diseases physician, nephrologist, liver transplant physician, or a renal transplant physician.
- **6. Patient Has Been Started on ledipasvir/sofosbuvir.** Approve ledipasvir/sofosbuvir for an indication or condition addressed as an approval in the Recommended Authorization Criteria section (FDA-Approved Indications or Other Uses with Supportive Evidence). Approve for the duration described above to complete a course of therapy (e.g., a patient who should receive 12 weeks, and has received 3 weeks should be approved for 9 weeks to complete their 12-week course).

CONDITIONS NOT COVERED

- Harvoni® (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir tablets and oral pellets Gilead)
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is(are) considered experimental, investigational or unproven for ANY other use(s) including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):

- 1. Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) [any genotype], Combination with Any Other Direct-Acting Antivirals (DAAs) Not Including Ribavirin. Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir provides a complete antiviral regimen for patients with genotype 1 HCV. Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir is not recommended to be used with other products containing sofosbuvir.
- 2. Pediatric Patients (Age < 3 years). The safety and efficacy of ledipasvir/sofosbuvir have not been established in pediatric patients < 3 years of age.¹
- 3. Retreatment with ledipasvir/sofosbuvir in Patients Who Have Previously Received ledipasvir/sofosbuvir (e.g., retreatment in prior null responders, prior partial responders, prior relapse patients, patients who have not completed a course of therapy due to an adverse reaction or for other reasons). There are other direct-acting antivirals indicated for patients who have previously been treated with ledipasvir/sofosbuvir.

REFERENCES

- 1. Harvoni® tablets and oral pellets [prescribing information]. Foster City, CA: Gilead; March 2020.
- 2. American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases and the Infectious Diseases Society of America. Testing, managing, and treating hepatitis C. Available at: http://www.hcvguidelines.org. Updated October 24, 2022. Accessed on August 17, 2023.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual	No criteria changes.	09/14/2022
Revision		
Annual	No criteria changes.	09/13/2023
Revision		
Selected	Conditions Not Covered: Life Expectancy Less Than 12 Months	02/28/2024
Revision	Due to Non-Liver Related Comorbidities. This condition was	
	removed.	

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