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Rimegepant

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Quantity Limitations - (1201)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

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Overview

This policy supports medical necessity review for rimegepant (Nurtec® ODT).

Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

Initial Approval Criteria

Rimegepant (Nurtec ODT) is considered medically necessary for the treatment of acute migraine when the individual meets ALL of the following criteria:

- 1. Age 18 years or older
2. Documentation of ONE of the following:
a. Failure of at least ONE triptan (for example, almotriptan, eletriptan, frovatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
b. Contraindication or intolerance to triptans

Rimegepant (Nurtec ODT) is considered medically necessary for the preventive treatment of episodic migraine when the individual meets ALL of the following criteria:

1. Age 18 years or older
2. Has at least 4, but less than 15, migraine headache days per month (prior to initiating Nurtec ODT)
3. Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Failure following a minimum 8 week trial of **TWO** migraine prevention therapies from different classes of medications including the following:
 - i. Angiotensin receptor blockers or angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors
 - ii. Antidepressants
 - iii. Antiepileptic drugs
 - iv. Beta-blockers
 - b. Contraindication or intolerance to **ALL** of the following: angiotensin receptor blockers/angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors, antidepressants, antiepileptic drugs, and beta-blockers

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Continuation of Therapy Criteria

Continuation of rimegepant (Nurtec ODT) is considered medically necessary for **ALL** covered diagnoses when initial criteria are met AND beneficial response is demonstrated (for example, reduction in the overall number of migraine days per month or a reduction in number of severe migraine days per month).

Authorization Duration

Initial approval duration is up to 12 months.
Reauthorization approval duration is up to 12 months

Conditions Not Covered

Any other use is considered experimental, investigational or unproven including the following (this list may not be all inclusive):

Concurrent Use with another Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide (CGRP) Inhibitor Being Prescribed for Migraine Headache Prevention if Nurtec ODT is Being Taken for the Preventive Treatment of Episodic Migraine. Examples of CGRP inhibitors that are indicated for migraine headache prevention include Aimovig (erenumab-aooe subcutaneous injection), Ajovy (fremanezumab-vfrm subcutaneous injection), Emgality (galcanezumab-gnlm subcutaneous injection), Vyepti (eptinezumab-jjmr intravenous infusion), Nurtec ODT, and Qulipta™ (atogepant tablets). Aimovig, Ajovy, Emgality, and Vyepti are injectable CGRP inhibitors for migraine prevention and have not been studied for use in combination with another agent in the same class.⁵⁻⁸ Qulipta is an oral CGRP inhibitor for the preventive treatment of episodic migraine in adults.⁹ The clinical trial of Nurtec ODT for the preventive treatment of episodic migraine did not permit the use of a concomitant medication that acts on the CGRP pathway.¹

Background

OVERVIEW

Nurtec ODT, a calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonist, is indicated in adults for the following uses:¹

- **Acute treatment of migraine** with or without aura.

- **Preventive treatment of episodic migraine.**

Disease Overview

Migraine is a common, ongoing condition marked by paroxysmal, unilateral attacks of moderate to severe throbbing headache which is aggravated by routine physical activity (e.g., walking or climbing stairs) and associated with nausea, vomiting, and/or photophobia and phonophobia.² Migraines have been defined as chronic or episodic. Chronic migraine is described by the International Headache Society as headache occurring on ≥ 15 days/month for more than 3 months, which has the features of migraine headache on ≥ 8 days/month. Episodic migraine is characterized by headaches that occur < 15 days/month.

Guidelines

Triptans (e.g., almotriptan, eletriptan, frovatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, sumatriptan, and zolmitriptan) are considered the gold standard for acute treatment of moderate to severe migraine headaches or mild to moderate migraine headaches that respond poorly to over-the-counter analgesics.² An assessment of the preventive and acute treatment of migraine by the American Headache Society (2018; updated 2021) reaffirms previous migraine guidelines.^{3,4} Nurtec ODT is not addressed for its preventive treatment of episodic migraine indication in the guideline. The update lists the triptans, dihydroergotamine, the oral gepants (Nurtec ODT and Ubrovelvy[®] [ubrogepant tablets]), and Reyvow[®] (lasmiditan tablets) as effective treatments for moderate or severe acute migraine attacks and mild to moderate attacks that respond poorly to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, non-opioid analgesics, acetaminophen, or caffeinated combinations (e.g., aspirin + acetaminophen + caffeine).

Patients with migraine should be considered for preventive treatment when attacks significantly interfere with patients' daily routines despite acute treatment; frequent attacks (≥ 4 monthly headache days); contraindication to, failure, overuse, or adverse events with acute treatments; or patient preference.^{3,4} Before developing a preventive treatment plan, the appropriate use of acute treatments should be initiated and coupled with education and lifestyle modifications. All patients with migraine should be offered a trial of acute treatment. Based on the level of evidence for efficacy and the American Academy of Neurology scheme for classification of evidence, the following oral medications have established efficacy and should be offered for migraine prevention: antiepileptic drugs (divalproex sodium, valproate sodium, topiramate [not for women of childbearing potential without a reliable method of birth control]); beta-blockers (metoprolol, propranolol, timolol); candesartan; and frovatriptan (for short-term preventive treatment of menstrual migraine). The following treatments are probably effective and should be considered for migraine prevention: antidepressants (amitriptyline, venlafaxine); beta-blockers (atenolol, nadolol); and angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors (lisinopril). The following injectable therapies also have established efficacy: Aimovig[®] (erenumab-aooe subcutaneous [SC] injection), Ajovy[®] (fremanezumab-vfrm SC injection), Emgality[®] (galcanezumab-gnlm SC injection), Vyepti[®] (eptinezumab-ijmr intravenous infusion), and Botox[®] (onabotulinumtoxinA intramuscular, intradetrusor, or intradermal injection); the combination of Botox and an injectable CGRP inhibitor is listed as probably effective.

References

1. Nurtec[®] ODT [prescribing information]. New Haven, CT: Biohaven; December 2021.
2. MacGregor EA. In the clinic. Migraine. *Ann Intern Med.* 2017;166(7):ITC49-ITC64.
3. American Headache Society. The American Headache Society position statement on integrating new migraine treatments into clinical practice. *Headache.* 2019;59:1-18.
4. Ailani J, Burch RC, Robbins MS, on behalf of the Board of Directors of the American Headache Society. The American Headache Society Consensus Statement: Update on integrating new migraine treatments into clinical practice. *Headache.* 2021;61(7):1021-1039.
5. Aimovig[®] subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen; May 2021.
6. Ajovy[®] subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. North Wales, PA: Teva; September 2021.
7. Emgality[®] subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Indianapolis, IN: Lilly; December 2019.
8. Vyepti[®] intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Bothell, WA: Lundbeck; September 2021.
9. Qulipta[™] tablets [prescribing information]. Madison, NJ: AbbVie; September 2021.

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