

Drug Coverage Policy

Effective Date	4/1/2025
Coverage Policy Number	IP0433
Policy Title	.Symdeko

Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance Regulator – Symdeko

• Symdeko® (tezacaftor/ivacaftor and ivacaftor tablets - Vertex)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna Companies and/or lines of business only provide utilization review services to clients and do not make coverage determinations. References to standard benefit plan language and coverage determinations do not apply to those clients. Coverage Policies are intended to provide guidance in interpreting certain standard benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Please note, the terms of a customer's particular benefit plan document [Group Service Agreement, Evidence of Coverage, Certificate of Coverage, Summary Plan Description (SPD) or similar plan document] may differ significantly from the standard benefit plans upon which these Coverage Policies are based. For example, a customer's benefit plan document may contain a specific exclusion related to a topic addressed in a Coverage Policy. In the event of a conflict, a customer's benefit plan document always supersedes the information in the Coverage Policies. In the absence of a controlling federal or state coverage mandate, benefits are ultimately determined by the terms of the applicable benefit plan document. Coverage determinations in each specific instance require consideration of 1) the terms of the applicable benefit plan document in effect on the date of service; 2) any applicable laws/regulations; 3) any relevant collateral source materials including Coverage Policies and; 4) the specific facts of the particular situation. Each coverage request should be reviewed on its own merits. Medical directors are expected to exercise clinical judgment where appropriate and have discretion in making individual coverage determinations. Where coverage for care or services does not depend on specific circumstances, reimbursement will only be provided if a requested service(s) is submitted in accordance with the relevant criteria outlined in the applicable Coverage Policy, including covered diagnosis and/or procedure code(s). Reimbursement is not allowed for services when billed for conditions or diagnoses that are not covered under this Coverage Policy (see "Coding Information" below). When billing, providers must use the most appropriate codes as of the effective date of the submission. Claims submitted for services that are not accompanied by covered code(s) under the applicable Coverage Policy will be denied as not covered. Coverage Policies relate exclusively to the administration of health benefit plans. Coverage Policies are not recommendations for treatment and should never be used as treatment quidelines. In certain markets, delegated vendor quidelines may be used to support medical necessity and other coverage determinations.

OVERVIEW

Symdeko is indicated for the treatment of **cystic fibrosis** (CF) in patients \geq 6 years of age who are homozygous for the F508del mutation or who have at least one mutation in the cystic fibrosis

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transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene that is responsive to tezacaftor/ivacaftor based on *in vitro* data and/or clinical evidence.¹

If the patient's genotype is unknown, an FDA-cleared CF mutation test should be used to detect the presence of a CFTR mutation followed by verification with bi-directional sequencing when recommended by the mutation test instructions for use. Table 1 lists the responsive CFTR mutations based on: 1) a clinical forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV₁) response and/or 2) in vitro data in Fischer rat thyroid cells, indicating that tezacaftor/ivacaftor increases chloride transport to $\geq 10\%$ of untreated normal over baseline. CFTR gene mutations that are not responsive to Kalydeco® (ivacaftor granule or tablet) alone are not expected to respond to Symdeko except for F508del homozygotes.

Table 1. List of CFTR Gene Mutations that Produce CFTR Protein and are Responsive to Symdeko.¹

Symaeko.*				
E56K	E193K	S945L	F1074L	
P67L	L206W	S977F	D1152H	
R74W	R347H	F1052V	D1270N	
D110E	R352Q	E831X	2789+5G > A	
D110H	A455E	K1060T	3272-26A→G	
R117C	D579G	A1067T	3849 + 10kbC → T	
F508del*	711+3A > G	R1070W	G622D	
A120T	E60K	F1016S	G970D	
A234D	E92K	F1099L	G1069R	
A349V	E116K	G126D	G1244E	
A554E	E403D	G178E	G1249R	
A1006E	E558V	G178R	G1349D	
D192G	E822K	G194R	H939R	
D443Y	F191V	G194V	H1054D	
D443Y;G57A; R668C	F311del	G314E	H1375P	
D614G	F311L	G551D	I148T	
D836Y	F508C	G551S	I175V	
D924N	F508C;S1251N	G576A	I336K	
D979V	F575Y	G576A;R668C	I601F	
I618T	L346P	M952T	R74Q	
I807M	L967S	P5L	R74W;D1270N	
I980K	L997F	P205S	R74W;V201M	
I1027T	L1324P	Q98R	R74W;V201M;D1270N	
I1139V	L1335P	Q237E	R75Q	
I1269N	L1480P	Q237H	R117G	
I1366N	M152V	Q359R	R117H	
L15P	M265R	Q1291R	R117L	
L320V	M9521	R31L	R117P	
R170H	R1066H	S1251N	W1282R	
R258G	R1070Q	S1255P	Y109N	
R334L	R1162L	T338I	Y161S	
R334Q	R1283M	T1036N	Y1014C	
R347L	R1283S	T1053I	Y1032C	
R347P	S549N	V201M	R792G	
R352W	S549R	V232D	R933G	
R553Q	S589N	V562I	S1159F	
R668C	S737F	V754M	S1159P	

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R751L	S912L	V1153E	V1240G
V1293G	546insCTA		

CFTR – Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator; *A patient must have two copies of the F508del mutation or at least one copy of a responsive mutation presented in Table 1 to be indicated.

Guidelines

The most current treatment recommendations are the Standards of Care for CFTR variant-specific therapy for people with CF, from the European Cystic Fibrosis Society (2023). However, the Standards do not reflect the currently approved age indications for Kalydeco® (ivacaftor tablets and oral granules) [≥ 1 months of age], Orkambi® [lumacaftor/ivacaftor tablets and oral granules] (≥ 1 year of age), or Trikafta® (elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor; ivacaftor co-packaged tablets and granules) [≥ 2 years of age]. In general, Trikafta is recommended over other agents where indications overlap. The Standards recommend Trikafta in patients ≥ 6 years of age with CF who are homozygous or heterozygous for F508del. In patients with one or more responsive non-F508del variant, Kalydeco, Symdeko, or Trikafta are recommended. Kalydeco is recommended in patients ≥ 4 months of age with eligible CFTR gene variants. Orkambi is recommended for patients 2 to 5 years of age who are homozygous for F508del. Of note, the Standards state that after diagnosis, repeat sweat testing provides evidence of treatment effect on CFTR activity, but does not predict clinical response. The European Cystic Fibrosis Society Standards for establishing and maintaining health (2024) note that people with CF with eligible CFTR gene variants should be offered CFTR modulator therapy.

According to the CF Foundation (2017), CF is diagnosed when an individual has both a clinical presentation of CF and evidence of CFTR dysfunction.^{3,4} Clinical presentation of CF includes a positive newborn screening, signs and/or symptoms of CF, and/or family history of CF. To establish a diagnosis of CF, sweat chloride tests should be considered first, then CFTR genetic analysis (CFTR genotype), and then CFTR physiologic tests (nasal potential difference [NPD] or intestinal current measurement [ICM]). However, tests of CFTR function are not always done in this order. All individuals diagnosed with CF should have a sweat chloride test and CFTR genetic analysis performed.

In a patient with a sweat chloride test \geq 60 mmol/L, CF diagnosis is established and in patients with a sweat chloride test < 30 mmol/L, a diagnosis of CF is unlikely.^{3,4} Rarely, patients with a sweat chloride < 30 mmol/L may be considered to have CF if alternatives are excluded and other confirmatory tests (genetic and physiologic testing) support CF. In patients with a sweat chloride test of \geq 30 to < 60 mmol/L, CFTR genetic analysis is undertaken. If the genetic analysis identifies two CF-causing CFTR mutations, CF is diagnosed, if no CFTR mutations are identified, a diagnosis of CF is unlikely. In patients with a CFTR genotype that is undefined or of varying clinical consequence, full gene CFTR sequencing (if not already performed) or CFTR physiologic testing is performed (NPD or ICM). If only one CFTR variant is identified on limited analysis, full gene CFTR sequencing should be performed. CF is possible if both alleles possess CF-causing, undefined, or mutation of varying clinical consequence mutations; CF is unlikely if only no CF-causing mutations are found. If results of the NPD or ICM show CFTR dysfunction, CF is diagnosed; when testing is unavailable or equivocal, the diagnosis of CF is not resolved, and when results of the physiologic testing show CFTR function is preserved, a diagnosis of CF is considered unlikely. It is recommended that patients with challenging diagnoses be evaluated at an accredited CF Foundation Care Center.

Coverage Policy

POLICY STATEMENT

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Prior Authorization is required for prescription benefit coverage of Symdeko. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Symdeko as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and efficacy, approval requires Symdeko to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

<u>Documentation</u>: Documentation is required where noted in the criteria. Documentation may include, but not limited to, chart notes, laboratory tests, medical test results, claims records, and/or other information.

Symdeko is considered medically necessary when the following criteria are met:

- **1. Cystic Fibrosis.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A, B, C D, E, and F):
 - **A)** Patient is ≥ 6 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Documentation is provided that the patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
 - i. Patient has at least ONE of the following mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator gene that is considered to be a pathogenic or likely pathogenic variant: E56K, P67L, R74W, D110E, D110H, R117C, E193K, L206W, R347H, R352Q, A455E, D579G, 711+3A → G, S945L, S977F, F1052V, E831X, K1060T, A1067T, R1070W, F1074L, D1152H, D1270N, 2789+5G \rightarrow A, 3272-26A \rightarrow G, 3849 + 10kbC \rightarrow T, 546insCTA, A120T, A234D, A349V, A554E, A1006E, D192G, D443Y, D443Y;G57A;R668C, D614G, D836Y, D924N, D979V, I618T, I807M, I980K, I1027T, I1139V, I1269N, I1366N, L15P, L320V, R170H, R258G, R334L, R334Q, R347L, R347P, R352W, R553Q, R668C, R751L, V1293G, E60K, E92K, E116K, E403D, E558V, E822K, F191V, F311del, F311L, F508C, F508C; S1251N, F575Y, L346P, L967S, L997F, L1324P, L1335P, L1480P, M152V, M265R, M9521, R1066H, R1070Q, R1162L, R1283M, R1283S, S549N, S549R, S589N, S737F, S912L, F1016S, F1099L, G126D, G178E, G178R, G194R, G194V, G314E, G551D, G551S, G576A, G576A; R668C, M952T, P5L, P205S, Q98R, Q237E, Q237H, Q359R, Q1291R, R31L, S1251N, S1255P, T338I, T1036N, T1053I, V201M, V232D, V562I, V754M, V1153E, G622D, G970D, G1069R, G1244E, G1249R, G1349D, H939R, H1054D, H1375P, I148T, I175V, I336K, I601F, R74Q, R74W;D1270N, R74W;V201M, R74W;V201M;D1270N, R75Q, R117G, R117H, R117L, R117P, W1282R, Y109N, Y161S, Y1014C, Y1032C, R792G, R933G, S1159F, S1159P, or V1240G; OR
 - ii. Patient has TWO copies of the F508del mutation; AND
 - **C)** Patient meets at least ONE of the following (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Positive cystic fibrosis newborn screening test; OR
 - ii. Family history of cystic fibrosis; OR
 - **iii.** Clinical presentation consistent with signs and symptoms of cystic fibrosis; AND Note: Examples of clinical presentation of cystic fibrosis include but are not limited to meconium ileus, sino-pulmonary symptoms (e.g., persistent cough, wheezing, pulmonary function tests consistent with obstructive airway disease, excess sputum production), bronchiectasis, sinusitis, failure to thrive, pancreatic insufficiency.
 - **D)** Patient has evidence of abnormal cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator function as demonstrated by at least ONE of the following (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Elevated sweat chloride test; OR
 - **ii.** Two cystic fibrosis-causing cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator mutations; OR
 - iii. Abnormal nasal potential difference; AND
 - **E)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or a physician who specializes in the treatment of cystic fibrosis.
 - **F)** Preferred product criteria is met for the products listed in the below table

Employer Plans:

Product	Criteria	
Symdeko	Total Savings Drug List Plans:	
(tezacaftor/ivacaftor and ivacaftor tablets)	 ONE of the following: Patient has tried, and according to the prescriber has experienced inadequate efficacy OR a significant intolerance with Trikafta (tablets or oral granules) [may require prior authorization] Patient has at least one mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator gene that is considered to be a pathogenic or likely pathogenic variant that is not covered by Trikafta (tablets or granules) [may require prior authorization] Patient has already been started on therapy with Symdeko 	

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

Symdeko for any other use is considered not medically necessary, including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):

- 1. Cystic Fibrosis, Patients with Unknown Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance Regulator (CFTR) Gene Mutation. An FDA-cleared CF mutation test should be used to detect the presence of the CFTR mutation prior to use of Symdeko.¹
- 2. Combination Therapy with Other Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance Regulator Modulator(s). Symdeko contains ivacaftor, the active agent in Kalydeco® (tablets and oral granules) and part of Orkambi® (lumacaftor/ivacaftor tablets and oral granules) and Trikafta® (elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor; ivacaftor co-packaged tablets and granules). Symdeko also contains tezacaftor, part of Trikafta.
 - Note: Examples of other cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator modulators are: Alyftrek $^{\text{TM}}$ (vanzacaftor/tezacaftor/deutivacaftor tablets), Kalydeco (ivacaftor tablets and oral granules), Orkambi (lumacaftor/ivacaftor tablets and oral granules), Trikafta (elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor; ivacaftor co-packaged tablets and granules).
- **3. Infertility.** Symdeko is indicated for the treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient ≥ 6 years of age who is homozygous for the F508del mutation or who has at least one mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator gene that is responsive to tezacaftor/ivacaftor based on *in vitro* data and/or clinical evidence.¹
 - <u>Note</u>: A patient with a diagnosis of cystic fibrosis should be reviewed using criteria for the FDA-approved indication, above.

References

1. Symdeko® tablets [prescribing information]. Cambridge, MA: Vertex; August 2023.

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- 2. Southern KW, Addy C, Bell SC, et al. Standards for the care of people with cystic fibrosis; establishing and maintaining health. *J Cyst Fibros.* 2024;21-28..
- 3. Farrell PM, White TB, Ren CL, et al. Diagnosis of cystic fibrosis: consensus guidelines from the cystic fibrosis foundation. *J Pediatr*. 2017;181S:S4-S15.
- 4. Farrell PM, White TB, Howenstine MS, et al. Diagnosis of cystic fibrosis in screened populations. *J Pediatr.* 2017;181S:S33-S44.
- 5. Southern KW, Addy C, Bell SC, et al. Standards for the care of people with cystic fibrosis; establishing and maintaining health. *J Cyst Fibros.* 2024;21-28.

Revision Details

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Date
Annual Revision	Updated coverage policy title from Tezacaftor/ Ivacaftor to Cystic Fibrosis – Symdeko.	8/1/2024
	Added preferred product criterion to allow coverage Symdeko if there is at least one of the following mutationsin the CFTR gene: 711+3A > G, E831X, 2789+5G > A, 3272-26A > G, OR 3849 + 10kbC > T	
	Specified Preferred Product Table applies to Total Savings Drug List Plans. Infertility: Added this indication to conditions not	
	recommended for approval.	
	CFTR-related disorder: Removed indication from <i>Conditions Not Covered</i> .	
	CFTR-related metabolic syndrome, CF Screen Positive, Inconclusive Diagnosis (CRMS/CF SPID):	
	Removed indications from <i>Conditions Not Covered</i> .	
Selected Revision	The Policy title was changed to Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance Regulator – Symdeko. Previously, Cystic Fibrosis – Symdeko.	4/1/2025
	Added "Documentation: Documentation is required where noted in the criteria. Documentation may include, but not limited to, chart notes, laboratory tests, medical test results, claims records, and/or other information."	
	Cystic Fibrosis: Updated criteria from "Patient meets ONE of the following (i <u>or</u> ii):" to "Documentation is provided that the patient meets ONE of the following (i <u>or</u> ii):"	
	Cystic Fibrosis, Patient with Unknown Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance	

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Regulator Gene Mutation. "Conductance" was added to the verbiage for this condition not covered.

Combination Therapy with Other Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance Regulator Modulator(s). This condition not covered was modified to refer to the class of cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator modulator(s). Previously individual agents were listed. A Note was added to list examples of the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulators.

Preferred Product Table:

Updated from "Failure, contraindication, or intolerance to elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ ivacaftor (Trikafta™)" **to** "Patient has tried and according to the prescriber has experienced inadequate efficacy OR a significant intolerance with Trikafta(tablets or oral granules) [may require prior authorization]."**Added** "Patient has at least one mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator gene that is considered to be a pathogenic or likely pathogenic variant that is not covered by Trikafta (tablets or granules) [may require prior authorization]."

Removed "At least ONE of the following mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene: 711+3A > G, E831X, 2789+5G > A, 3272-26A > G, OR 3849 + 10kbC > T."

Updated from "Currently receiving Symdeko" **to** "Patient has already been started on therapy with Symdeko."

The policy effective date is in force until updated or retired.

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